

<b>DRILLING LOC</b>		<b>DIVISION</b>	<b>INSTALLATION</b>	<b>Map No.</b>	<b>CR-ND-25</b>
		South Atlantic	Jacksonville District	SHEET	
<b>PROJECT</b>		OF 1 SHEETS			
North Dade County		10. SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT see remarks			
<b>LOCATION</b> (Continued on Station)		11. DATUM FOR ELEVATION SHOW (TBM or MSL)			
X=798,546 Y=580,858		MLW			
<b>DRILLING AGENCY</b>		12. MANUFACTURER'S DESIGNATION OF DRILL			
Oceanprobe Inc.		Exmar Hydraulic Vibracore			
<b>1. HOLE NO.</b> (As shown on drawing title and 20's needed)		13. TOTAL NO. OF OVER-BURDEN SAMPLES TAKEN		DISTURBED UNDISTURBED	
CB-ND-25					
<b>2. NAME OF DRILLER</b>		14. TOTAL NUMBER CORE BOXES			
B. Barth					
<b>3. DIRECTION OF HOLE</b>		15. ELEVATION GROUND WATER			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VERTICAL <input type="checkbox"/> INCLINED _____ DEG. FROM VERT.		Tidal +0.6			
<b>7. THICKNESS OF OVERBURDEN</b>		16. DATE HOLE		STARTED COMPLETED	
		12-1-83		12-1-83	
<b>8. DEPTH DRILLED INTO ROCK</b>		17. ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE		-62.4	
		18. TOTAL CORE RECOVERY FOR BORING		85 %	
<b>9. TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE</b>		GEOLOGIST T. Novak			
11.0'					

ELEVATION a	DEPTH b	LEGEND c	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Describe in full) d	SECOND RECOVERY e	OVERBURDEN SAMPLE NO. f	REMARKS (Drilling time, water loss, degree of weathering, etc., if significant) g
-62.4	0.0					Bit or Barrel
-67.0	4.6		SAND, fine to medium quartz, shell with calcium carbonate sands predominantly fine calcium carbonates, occasion- al large shell fragment up to 2", slightly silty, light gray (SP)	4.9'	1	3" Barrel
-67.3	4.9	I I	Coral, from -67.0 to -67.3			-67.3 Cut
-71.3	8.9	I I I I I I	Numerous zones of cemented sands and medium hard sand- stone fragments from -67.3 to -73.4	4.0'	2	"
-71.8	9.4	I I	Very shelly from -71.3 to -71.8	0.5'		-71.3 Cut -71.8 Bit Sample
-73.4	11.0		NO RECOVERY			
			NOTE: One half of core sample, from elevation -62.4 to -71.8, was scalped over a 1 inch screen. No material was retained.			
						SAMPLE LABORATORY NO. CLASSIFICATION
						1 (SP-SM) *
						2 (SP-SM) *
						*Visual classification based on gradation curve No Atterberg Limits.